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Air Force Services Center Aero Club Program Annual Standardization Exam 1 FEBRUARY 2024

(Required passing score: 80%)

Exam Instructions:

- 1. Provide your answers on AF Form 1584C (Knowledge Exam Record)
- 2. References for this test include:

Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) 14 CFR Parts 61 and 91 Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) DAFMAN 34-152 dated 26 Dec 2023 DAFI 34-101 dated 6 Mar 2022 FAA-H-8083-3C Airplane Flying Handbook FAA H-8083-25C Pilots Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge

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Annual Standardization Exam Questions

(Select **Best Answer** for each question)

1.	No person shall operate or occupy an Aero Club aircraft unless they have: (Ref:
	DAFI 34-101, 10.20.)

- A. Executed an AF Form 1585, Covenant Not To Sue and Indemnity Agreement, within the previous 12 months.
- B. Successfully completed the checkout requirements.
- C. Successfully completed three takeoffs and landings within the previous 90 days.
- 2. Pilots must complete all checkouts in an _____ and demonstrate performance to the applicable standards specified in the ____ . (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.10.)
 - A. aircraft similar to the aircraft they desire to fly; USAF Aero Club Instructor Standardization Guide
 - B. Aero Club aircraft; USAF Aero Club Instructor Standardization Guide.
 - C. Aero Club aircraft; applicable Practical Test Standards.
- 3. For all flights, pilots will compute: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.25.4 & 5)
 - A. Actual aircraft takeoff and performance data and fuel remaining.
 - B. Takeoff and landing performance for each airport of intended use and weight and balance data.
 - C. Weight and balance data and fuel remaining.
- 4. When refueling Aero Club aircraft: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152 6.12.4)
 - A. No passengers or crew are permitted in the aircraft
 - B. Ensure the fuel pump has a recent state certified inspection sticker
 - C. Stand clear of the aircraft and wait for fuel nozzle automatic shut-off
- 5. What is the maximum duty allowed for Aero Club pilots? (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.16)
 - A. 16 hours
 - B. 12 hours
 - C. 18 hours
- 6. If winds exceed __ kts, flight will be terminated____? (Reference *DAFMAN 34-152 6.13.3.2*)
 - A. 35; immediately
 - B. 20; until winds die down
 - C. 30; as soon as practicable
- 7. Touch-and-go's may be performed in Aero Club complex aircraft: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.18.9)
 - A. When the PIC has completed touch-and-go's during the aircraft checkout
 - B. Only with a qualified flight instructor on board and approved by the manager

- C. At all times
- 8. If your flight extends to a point where you anticipate having less than the required 1hr fuel remaining: (*Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.24*)
 - A. Continue to originally planned destination & land asap
 - B. Climb as high as possible to conserve fuel
 - C. Land at the nearest suitable airport to obtain fuel
- 9. Managers or Chief Flight Instructors _____ credit pilot activities performed in other than club aircraft to satisfy currency requirements. (*Ref: DAFMAN 34-152. 6.8.1*)
 - A. Mav
 - B. Should not
 - C. Will not
- 10. If a pilot exceeds the maximum duty day of 12 hours, then the pilot will: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.16.2.1)
 - A. Call the Aero Club Manager and request a waiver
 - B. Ensure they receive 12 hours of rest prior to performing pilot duties
 - C. Contact servicing FSDO for approval
- 11. Simulated emergency procedures: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.15.4)
 - A. May be conducted in Instrument Meteorological Conditions (IMC) with approval from the Manager or Chief Flight Instructor
 - B. Is limited to Visual Meteorological Conditions (VMC)
 - C. are not permitted on any passenger flight except when an instructor occupies a pilot's position, the passengers are applicants enrolled in the same training course, and the chief flight instructor determines the training will benefit all applicants onboard the aircraft.
- 12. The PIC must occupy the left seat, except when: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.5.3)
 - A. On a solo flight, as pilot in command
 - B. Holder of a flight instructor certificate
 - C. Enrolled in a CFI instructor training program and endorsed by a flight instructor for flight in either seat
- 13. When can a pilot in command of an aircraft deviate from any rule under FAR Part 91? (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152 1.1 & FAR 91.3)
 - A. During an in-flight emergency requiring immediate action, the pilot can deviate from all sections of Part 61.
 - B. In order to comply with ATC direction while operating at a military field
 - C. During an in-flight emergency requiring immediate actions, to the extent required to meet any emergency situation.
- 14. What is the minimum altitude for all US Air Force Aero Club aircraft, except for takeoff and landing or while participating in a flight lesson from the approved training syllabus: (*Ref: DAFMAN 34-152 6.19.1*)

- A. 500ft AGL
- B. 100ft AGL
- C. 1000ft AGL (2,000ft in mountainous terrain)
- 15. The definition of night is: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152 6.14)
 - A. After sunset
 - B. One hour after sunset
 - C. the time between the end of evening civil twilight and the beginning of morning civil twilight.
- 16. Which of the following is true regarding an Aero Club pilot who has not completed three takeoff and landings within the required <u>180 day</u> period? (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152 6.8.4)
 - A. The pilot may conduct the required landings by themselves
 - B. The pilot must fly the required landings with an instructor
 - C. The pilot must complete a re-currency check & closed book make/model test
- 17. To act as pilot-in-command, pilots with less than 200 pilot hours must have accomplished three takeoffs and landings within the preceding _____ in each make and model aircraft the pilot desires to fly. Pilots with at least 200 pilot hours will have accomplished three takeoffs and landings within the preceding _____ in each category and class aircraft the pilot requests to fly. (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.8.3)
 - A. 60:90
 - B. 90;120
 - C. 30;60
- 18. The following shall not be performed at night: (Ref: DAFMAN 34-152, 6.14.3)
 - A. VFR Flight below 2,000 feet AGL, except for takeoff, landing, or pattern work
 - B. Operations at airports without runway lighting
 - C. Unusual attitudes, stalls, approach to stalls, or flight at minimum controllable airspeed, when required by Part 141 approved syllabus instruction.
- 19. A flight review will consist of: (Ref: 14 CFR Part 61.56)
 - A. A minimum of three takeoffs and landings and a review of those maneuvers necessary for the pilot to demonstrate the appropriate pilot privileges.
 - B. A minimum of 1 hour of ground training and 1 hour of flight training.
 - C. A minimum of 1 hour of flight time to include the maneuvers and procedures for the pilot to demonstrate the safe exercise of the privileges of the pilot certificate.
- 20. In the event of an in-flight emergency requiring immediate action, the pilot in command: (Ref: 14 CFR Parts 91.3(b))
 - A. May deviate from any rule of this part to the extent required to meet that emergency.
 - B. Should always request a revised course of action from Air Traffic Control prior to making any deviation.

- C. Must obtain authorization from Air Traffic Control prior to making any deviation.
- 21. Except when necessary for takeoff or landing, no person may operate and aircraft below the following altitudes: (Ref: 14 CFR Part 91.119)
 - A. Below 500 feet above the surface in any area or below 1,000 feet above the highest obstacle.
 - B. Below 500 feet above the surface in any area or below 1,000 feet above the highest obstacle within a horizontal radius of 2,000 feet of the aircraft.
 - C. 500ft (except over open water or sparsely populated) over an uncongested area; 1000ft above within 2000ft horizontal radius of the highest obstacle over a congested area
- 22. While on base leg in an airport traffic pattern, you sight another airplane on final. The airplane that has the right-of-way is the one: (*Ref: 91.113 (g)*)
 - A. On final approach, regardless of altitude
 - B. That is the least maneuverable
 - C. Which is closest to the landing threshold
- 23. Special VFR may only be conducted: (Ref: 91.157(b)(2))
 - A. If the PIC has a Special VFR endorsement
 - B. In a multi-engine aircraft
 - C. Clear of clouds
- 24. Each person must document and record the following time in a manner acceptable to the Administrator: (Ref: 14 CFR Part 61.51)
 - A. Training and aeronautical experience to meet the requirements for a certificate, rating, or flight review and aeronautical experience required to meet recent flight experience.
 - B. All flight time when acting as Pilot in Command or as a Safety Pilot.
 - C. Training and aeronautical experience used to meet the requirements for a certificate, rating, or flight review of this part.
- 25. No person may exercise privileges of an Airman Certificate, rating, endorsement, or authorization unless: (Ref: 14 CFR Part 61.2(b)(1))
 - A. That person has completed a flight review and required aeronautical recency requirements of this part.
 - B. That person meets the appropriate airman and medical recency requirements of this part, specific to the operation or activity.
 - C. That person has complied with the required aeronautical recency requirements of this part.
- 26. Loss of control in-flight (LOC-I) is defined as: (Ref: FAA-H-8083-3C Airplane Flying Handbook 5-1)
 - A. A significant deviation of an aircraft from the intended flightpath and it often results from an airplane upset.
 - B. A failure to recover from any stall.
 - C. When an airplane is approaching a stall, has stalled, or is in an upset condition.

- 27. The objective of a good, stabilized final approach is to: (Ref: *FAA-H-8083-3C Airplane Flying Handbook 9-24*).
 - A. Descend at an angle and airspeed that permits the airplane to reach the desired touchdown point at an airspeed that results in minimum floating just before touchdown.
 - B. Descend once you are on final approach to the touchdown point at the 1,000 foot markers.
 - C. Descend to reach the desired touchdown point in a fully stalled condition
- 28. If a true heading of 135 ° results in a ground track of 130 ° and a true airspeed of 135 knots results in a groundspeed of 140 knots, the wind would be from: (Ref: *FAA H-8083-25C Pilots Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge,* Chapter 16)
 - A. 200° and 13 knots.
 - B. 019° and 12 knots.
 - C. 246° and 13 knots.
- 29. In the Northern Hemisphere, a magnetic compass will normally indicate a turn to toward the west if: (Ref: *FAA H-8083-25C Pilots Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge*, Chapter 16)
 - A. An aircraft is accelerated while on a north heading.
 - B. A left turn is entered from a north heading.
 - C. A right turn is entered from a north heading.
- 30. Required Navigation Performance (RNP) is a (n): (Ref: *Aeronautical Information Manual* Page 606)
 - A. On-board performance monitoring service purchased through your GPS data subscription.
 - B. Statement of navigation performance necessary for operation within a defined airspace.
 - C. Option that varies with the equipment capability of your aircraft.
- 31. RNAV is a method of navigation that ______ within the coverage of groundor space-based navigation aids. (Ref: *Aeronautical Information Manual, Section 2(b)*)
 - A. A saves time, fuel, and allows for diminished ATC interface
 - B. Permits aircraft operation on any desired flight path
 - C. Allows aircraft operations between designated waypoints
- 32. Which of the following is required to spin an aircraft? (Ref: FAA H-8083-25C Pilots Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, Chapter 5-36)
 - A. Rapid loss of altitude
 - B. High rate of rotation
 - C. Stalled wing

- 33. The altitude at which significant effects of hypoxia occur can be lowered by several factors including: (Ref: *Aeronautical Information Manual* Section 8-1-2)
 - A. Carbon monoxide, anemia, alcohol, heat, and cold.
 - B. Nighttime, certain drugs, anxiety, and stress.
 - C. Carbon monoxide, alcohol, stress, and certain drugs.
- 34. On a standard airspeed indicator, the bottom of the white arc indicates? (Ref: FAA H-8083-25C Pilots Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, Chapter 8-9)
 - A. The lowest speed at which the airspeed indicator is calibrated for normal use
 - B. The maximum speed with the flaps extended
 - C. The stalling speed or the minimum steady flight speed in the landing configuration.

Questions 35 – 50 Local Area Procedures